

- 1. Which of the following best describes the message in the political cartoon?"
- A. Congress should institute affirmative action legislation.
- B. The Supreme Court erred in its school desegregation ruling.
- C. Civil rights efforts have put African American children in high places.
- D. The process toward equal education is too slow.
- 2. Which U.S. Supreme Court ruling is most related to this cartoon?
- A. Brown v. Board of Education
- B. United States v. Lopez
- C. Tinker v. Des Moines Independent Schools
- D. Engel v. Vitale
- 3. What phenomenon most contributed to the main idea expressed in the cartoon?
- A. Busing
- B. Civil Rights Act 1964
- C. White Flight
- D. NAACP efforts



- 4. Which of the following best describes the message in the political cartoon?
- A. The president thought long and hard before pardoning Vietnam draft dodgers.
- B. The president's action undermines the sacrifices of those who fought and died in the Vietnam War.
- C. It is unconstitutional for the president to pardon those who would not fight for the United States.
- D. More money should have been given to the military under the president's power of the purse.
- 5. A presidential pardon falls under which constitutional principle?
- A. Power of the purse
- B. Federalism
- C. Full faith and Credit
- D. Checks and balances
- 6. Which of the following would someone disagreeing with the cartoonist most likely point out?
- A. The Vietnam War was a just war and worth fighting.
- B. The cost and effort to arrest and prosecute draft dodgers outweighs the offensiveness of the pardon.
- C. The president's commander-in-chief authority enables him to pardon military offenders.
- D. This president's military record justifies him to pardon draft evaders.

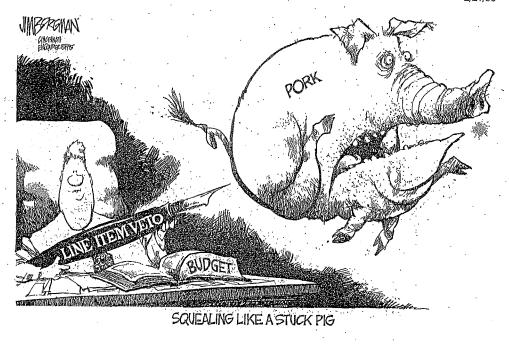


THE GALLOPING SHAIL

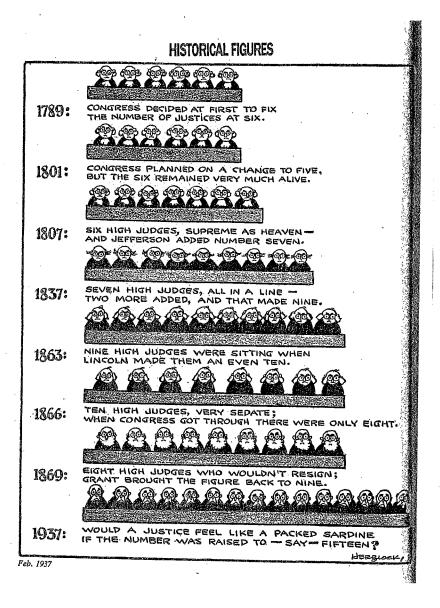
- 7. Which of the following best describes the message in the political cartoon?
- A. The president cannot wait to get to the New Deal show.
- B. Congress is exhausted from being overworked.
- C. The president and Congress do not get along because they are from different parties.
- D. A slow-moving party and legislative branch are preventing the president's legislative plans
- 8. Which presidential role is most relevant in the message in the cartoon?
- A. Chief of party
- B. Chief legislator
- C. Commander in Chief
- D. Chief diplomat



- 9. Which of the following best describes the message in the political cartoon?
- A. The Constitution should be colorblind.
- B. Schools should be desegregated and children should attend without regard to race.
- C. Minorites do not need government assistance or special policies that assist them.
- D. Governmental policies to advance equality are opposed by those who don't need them.
- 10. Which Supreme Court case is most relevant to the ideas in the cartoon?
- A. Brown v. Board
- B. Gideon v. Wainwright
- C. Engle v. Vitale
- D. Tinker v. Des Moines
- 11. Those disagreeing with the main idea expressed in the cartoon would favor which concept?
- A. Affirmative Action
- B. Busing for racial balance
- C. Equality of Opportunity
- D. Quotas



- 12. Which of the following best describes the message in the political cartoon?
- A. The president will use his authority to cut congressional spending.
- B. The president will appropriate more cash to the agriculture lobby.
- C. The president has too little authority over the budget making process.
- D. It doesn't matter what the president thinks, it's the people that count.
- 13. Which constitutional principle encouraged the Supreme Court to reverse ideas depicted in this cartoon?
- A. Federalism
- B. Right to a fair trial
- C. Impeachment process
- D. Separation of powers



- 14. What notable constitutional struggle prompted this political cartoon?
- A. The Senate's refusal to accept the president's judicial appointees.
- B. President Franklin Roosevelt's court-packing plan.
- C. Congress re-defining the Supreme Court's jurisdiction.
- D. Changing the constitutional requirements to be on the Supreme Court.
- 15. What constitutional principle is depicted
- A. Stare decisis
- B. Executive privilege
- C. Congress defining the courts
- D. Advice and consent



- 16. Which of the following best describes the message in the political cartoon?
- A. An African American patient deserves admittance to a hospital just like a white patient.
- B. White hospitals are unlikely to hire African American doctors.
- C. A credentialed minority doctor is typically as good as or better than most white doctors.
- D. Applicants must earn their way to employment.
- 17. Which is the most relevant U.S. policy regarding the cartoon?
- A. Brown v. Board of Education
- B. Voting Rights Act
- C. White flight
- D. Civil Rights Act 1964



"Don't get uppity with me, boy! Y'know we don't serve no presidents here." 8 June 1963

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- 18. Which of the following best describes sentiments expressed in the political cartoon?
- A. President Kennedy eating in the Senate diner is a violation of separation of powers.
- B. Senate procedures and opposition has prevented President Kennedy's legislative plans.
- C. President Kennedy is sad because the Supreme Court has reversed civil rights laws.
- D. The Senate has vetoed Kennedy's civil rights plan.
- 19. What would the cartoonist most likely agree with?
- A. The Senate is full of old members.
- B. Kennedy has given up on attempting to pass a civil rights plan.
- C. The Senate is not the place to get this law passed.
- D. The Senate should not oppose the Kennedy plan.

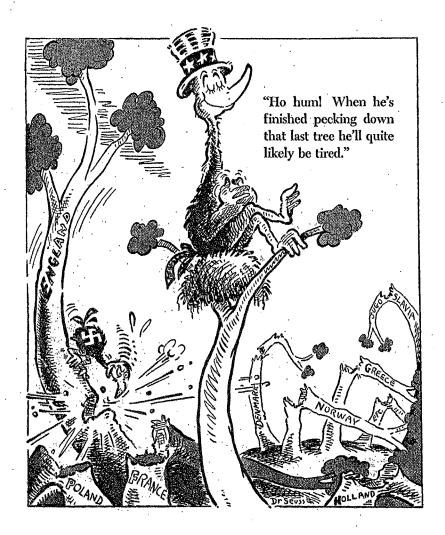


"'Course we're not trying to hide anything! Now — if you look right here..." 19 November 1965

- 20. Which of the following is the main idea expressed in the cartoon?
- A. President Johnson is hiding the fact that the White House tries to manage news.
- B. The president has done a good job of managing news.
- C. President Johnson has violated the First Amendment's freedom of the press.
- D. President Johnson is trying to expose classified material.
- 21. What could the president have done to prevent the criticism expressed in the cartoon?
- A. Exercised his right of prior restraint.
- B. Ordered the Supreme Court to suppress any press stories that were unfavorable to the president.
- C. Been more transparent and less manipulative of the government-press relation.
- D. Filed a libel suit against the offending news outlets/newspapers.

## Answers

- 1. D
- 2. A
- 3. C
- 4. B
- 5. D
- 6. B
- 7. D
- 8. B
- 9. D
- 10. A
- 11. C
- 12. A
- 13. D
- 14. B
- 15. C
- 16. B
- 17. D
- 18. B
- 19. D
- 20. A
- 21. C



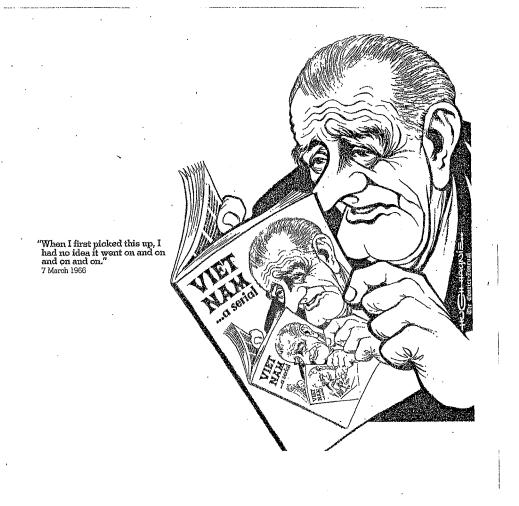
This World War II image depicts the United States and European powers. Using the image answer (a), (b), and (c).

- (A) Briefly describe ONE perspective expressed by the artist about the United States' role in international conflict.
- (B) Briefly explain how ONE event or development led to the historical situation depicted in the image.
- (C) Briefly explain ONE specific outcome of the isolationist-interventionist debate from the era.



The cartoon above was created during the Civil Rights era some time after the 1954 Supreme Court's *Brown v. Board of Education* ruling. Using the cartoon, answer (a), (b), and (c).

- (A) Briefly Describe ONE perspective expressed by the artist about school desegregation.
- (B) Briefly explain how ONE post-1954 event or development led to the situation depicted in the image.
- (C) Briefly explain ONE additional event that altered the situation depicted in the cartoon.



The 1960s image above depicts President Lyndon Johnson. Using the image, answer (a), (b), and (c).

- (A) Briefly describe ONE perspective expressed by the artist about U.S. involvement in Vietnam.
- (B) Briefly explain how ONE event led to the historical situation depicted in the cartoon.
- (C) Briefly explain ONE specific outcome from the Vietnam War that impacted U.S. military or foreign policy.